

Databases

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- DBMS
- Design of Databases
- Entity Relationship Models
- Tables
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Introduction

- Organizations need a way to store their information in a logical and save way
- Modern Database Management Systems (DBMS) provide this
- Relational Databases

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Life of Databses

- Databases need to be:
 - designed (E-R Models)
 - implemented (tables, SQL - DDL)
 - used (SQL - DML)

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Design of a Grades DB

- I am a teacher and want to keep track of the grades of my students in a database
- I teach several classes
- Students can take several classes with me

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A simple Table

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	Peter	B
COAP 2120	Monica	A
COAP 9000	Peter	F

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Design of a Grades DB II

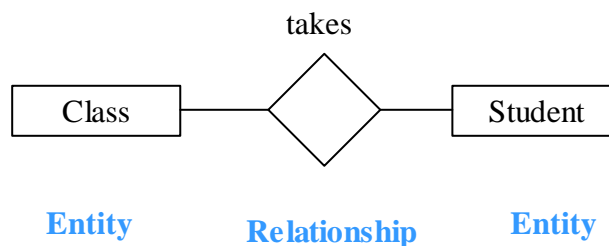
- I am a **teacher** and *want* to keep track of the **grades** of my **students** in a **database**
- I *teach* several **classes**
- **Students** can *take* several **classes** with me

nouns - **Entities/Objects**

verbs - *Relationships*

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Entity Relationship Diagram I

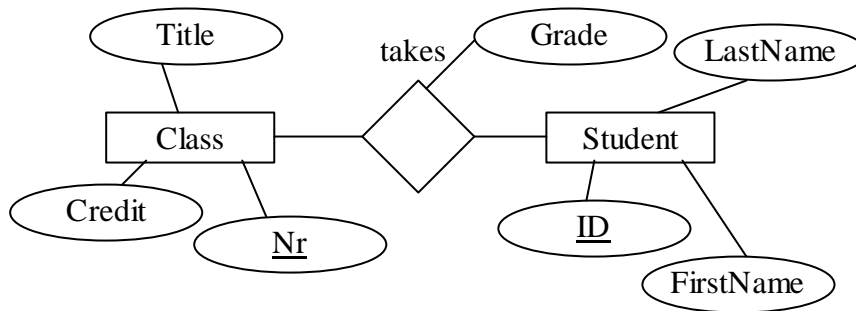


But where are the grades?

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Entity Relationship Diagram II

But where are the grades?



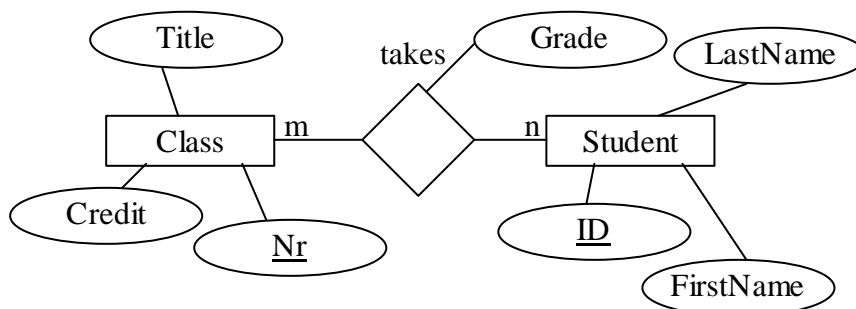
Attributes Key Attributes

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Entity Relationship Diagram III

How many students can take the same class?

How many classes can take a student?



Cardianlity (0, 1, m, n)

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Result: Serveral Tables

Classes

NR	Title	Credits
COAP 2120	Data Handling on the Web	3
COAP 9000	The final CS course	9

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	200011	B
COAP 2120	200045	A
COAP 9000	200011	F

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName
200011	Peter	Brown
200045	Monica	Black

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Example

- You work for a Internet company that does Web-site development. For each project your company charges the client the needed hours. You need a DB to track the hours spent on each project.
- Each developer can work on several projects. On each project several developer can work. Each project has one leader who is one of the developers

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Implementation: SQL

- Structured Query Language consists of
 - Data Definition Language (DDL)
Define tables with attributes in your DB
(create)
 - Data Manipulation Language (DML)
Enter data into your DB and get data out of
your DB (insert, select)

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Create Table Statement I

```
create table students (  
  id          integer    primary key,  
  firstname   varchar(255),  
  lastname    varchar(255) not null  
);
```

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName
200011	Peter	Brown
200045	Monica	Black

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Create Table Statement II

```
create table classes (  
  nr          varchar(10) primary key,  
  title       varchar(255) not null,  
  credits     integer      not null  
);
```

Classes

NR	Title	Credits
COAP 2120	Data Handling on the Web	3
COAP 9000	The final CS course	9

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Create Table Statement III

```
create table grades (  
  class      integer,  
  student    integer,  
  grade      varchar(255)  
  primary key (class, student),  
  foreign key (class) references classes  
  foreign key (student) references students  
);
```

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	200011	B
COAP 2120	200045	A
COAP 9000	200011	F

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Insert Statement

```
insert into students values ( 200011,  
    'Peter', 'Brown');  
insert into students values ( 200045,  
    'Monica', 'Black');
```

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName
200011	Peter	Brown
200045	Monica	Black

Other important statements are update and delete

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Select Statement I

```
select id, lastname from students where  
    firstname = 'Peter';
```

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName
200011	Peter	Brown
200045	Monica	Black

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Select Statement II - join

```
select lastname, class from grades,
students where
grades.student=students.id and
grade='A' or grade='B' order by grade;
```

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	200011	B
COAP 2120	200045	A
COAP 9000	200011	F

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName
200011	Peter	Brown
200045	Monica	Black

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Select Statement III - groups

```
select grade, avg(age) from grades,
students where student=id group by
grade order by grade;
```

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	200011	B
COAP 2120	200045	A
COAP 9000	200011	F

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName	Age
200011	Peter	Brown	22
200045	Monica	Black	21

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Select Statement IV - having

```
select grade, avg(age) as avgage from
grades, students where student=id group
by grade having avgage < 25;
```

Grades

Class	Student	Grade
COAP 2120	200011	B
COAP 2120	200045	A
COAP 9000	200011	F

Students

ID	FirstName	LastName	Age
200011	Peter	Brown	22
200045	Monica	Black	21

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